

ETF taxation report for investors

Singapore

March 2022



Commissioned by:



Introduction

Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) continue to gain popularity by investors as an efficient mechanism to gain a broad array of desired market access. While return on investment (ROI) is a key priority, costs play an important role in maximizing ROI. One significant yet lesser understood cost with investing in ETFs is taxation. This is especially true for any cross-border investments which are normally subject to multiple instances of taxation.

In this Report, EY teams examine the impact of different types of ETFs on Singapore-based investor returns across key markets, ETF types and domiciles.

Types of ETFs compared

Common forms of ETFs compared in this Report include the following:

Hong Kong ETF

Hong Kong unit trust authorized by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong.

Luxembourg ETF

Capital company constituted as a Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable (SICAV)/ Société d'Investissement à Capital Fixe (SICAF).

Irish ETF

Irish Collective Asset-management Vehicle (ICAV) authorized as an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS).

US ETF

Regulated Investment Company and satisfies specific requirements.

Singaporean ETF

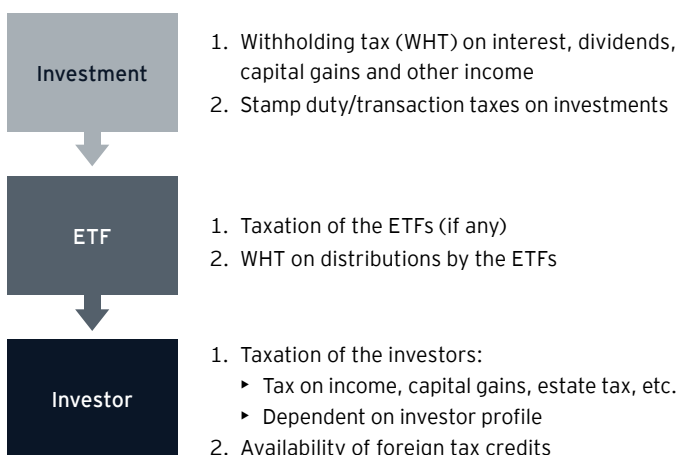
Unit trust authorized under Section 286 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore.

General basis of preparation

1. This Report is general in nature.
2. It does not consider any transfer taxes such as stamp duty.
3. It considers only income tax/WHT effect on dividend and interest income received by the ETFs, and excludes capital gains tax or tax on trading profits/losses.
4. The distribution from ETFs are considered to be normal dividend and/or distribution (practically subject to local variances).
5. All investors are institutional corporate investors and tax residents in their domicile location(s), and subject to standard corporate income tax rate. Individual circumstances have not been considered.
6. To the extent domestic unilateral tax credit is available and considered, it is assumed that the necessary criteria are satisfied and the available tax credit will be within the prescribed limit.
7. Some jurisdictions may have regulatory restrictions on cross-border investments. Investors should seek separate legal and regulatory advice in this regard as this Report focuses solely on the potential tax implications of investing into different types of ETFs.
8. It does not consider any EU non-discrimination directives or relevant rules.

Multiple instances of taxation on ETFs

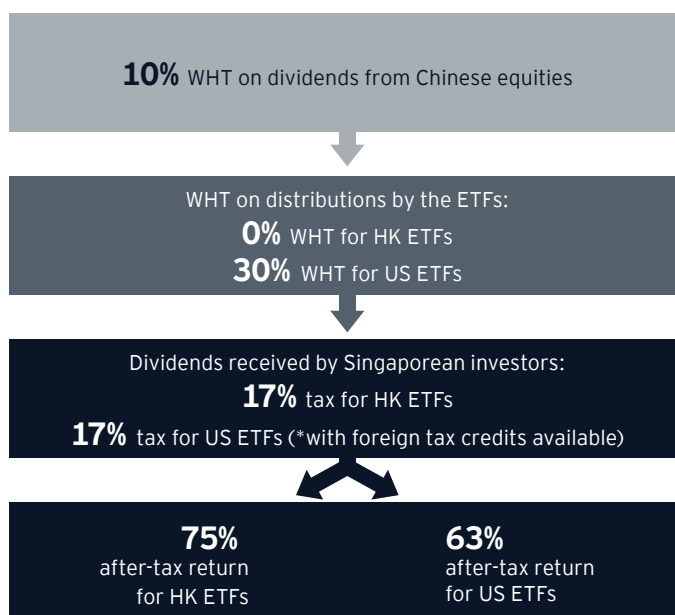
An investor's ETF returns can generally be subject to tax at three levels:



The extent of tax costs will vary widely depending on:

1. Domicile of the investor
2. Domicile and type of ETF¹
3. Jurisdiction of the underlying portfolio investments

Illustration using MSCI China Index ETFs:



This Report is prepared for informational purposes and supported by the ETF Tax Calculator. It sets out the key summary of the preparation basis as well as underlying assumptions. For more details, please visit: www.hkex.com.hk/ETFTaxCalculator.

Singaporean investor after-tax returns compared

Figure 1 below depicts the percentage of expected after-tax return for institutional corporate investors from investing into different domiciled ETFs which seek to track the investment results of the same selected single market equity index. It is assumed that different domiciled ETFs tracking the same index would generate the same ETF distribution before all level of taxes².

Figure 1. Single market equity indices³

Index	After-tax return	
MSCI China	Hong Kong ETF	75%
	Luxembourg ETF	75%
	Irish ETF	75%
	US ETF	63%
	Singaporean ETF	90%
MSCI Hong Kong	Hong Kong ETF	83%
	Luxembourg ETF	83%
	Irish ETF	83%
	US ETF	70%
	Singaporean ETF	100%
MSCI Taiwan	Hong Kong ETF	66%
	Luxembourg ETF	66%
	Irish ETF	66%
	US ETF	55%
	Singaporean ETF	79%
MSCI Japan	Hong Kong ETF	75%
	Luxembourg ETF	70%
	Irish ETF	71%
	US ETF	63%
	Singaporean ETF	85%
MSCI USA	Hong Kong ETF	58%
	Luxembourg ETF	58%
	Irish ETF	71%
	US ETF	70%
	Singaporean ETF	70%

Consider total cost of ownership (TCO) including tax

This Report provides evidence that significant differences can arise in after-tax returns for ETFs domiciled in different jurisdictions. However, tax should not be the only consideration in ETF selection. Investors should evaluate ETF investment costs in the context of the TCO, including but not limited to bid-ask spread, broker commissions, total expense ratio and taxation. For more details about TCO, please read the *ETF Total Cost of Ownership primer* in the HKEX ETF webpage.

Why Hong Kong ETFs?

Hong Kong domiciled ETFs have traditionally been recognized for their unique access to the domestic market of Mainland China. However, with the HKEX now carrying more than 140 ETFs and Leveraged and Inverse Products representing a wide range of global products, investors now have an enhanced ability to use Hong Kong ETFs to achieve their desired market exposures.

Furthermore, Hong Kong's ETF market, as a regional issuing and trading hub of ETFs, is seeing deepening liquidity driven by a continuously enhancing market structure. This translates into narrower bid-ask spread and lower trading cost for investors seeking to gain exposure to Asia and beyond via Hong Kong ETFs.

Investors can also benefit from lower tracking difference, which is a component of TCO, by trading Asia underlyings in the Asian time zone with Hong Kong ETFs as they can react to events occurring in Asia more timely.

Hong Kong ETFs may offer a tax-efficient, low-cost vehicle for investors to access a diverse range of asset classes and markets.

To learn more about Hong Kong ETFs, please visit the HKEX ETF webpage www.hkex.com.hk/etp.

To see the after-tax returns comparison on more indices, please visit: www.hkex.com.hk/ETFTaxCalculator.

Notes:

- Especially important because this should have an impact on the following:
 - The applicable WHT rate at both the investment and investor levels
 - The applicable taxes at the ETF level
 - Access to any available tax treaty benefits
- This includes portfolio level, ETF level and investor level, and does not take into account any fees to intermediates.
- This Report is prepared based on the index constituents data and the applicable tax rates as of 31 December 2021. The index constituents data is provided by MSCI. For MSCI indices, the jurisdiction classification is generally determined by the company's location of incorporation and the primary listing of its securities.

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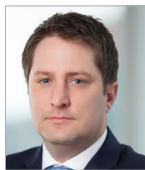


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HKEX is also the global leader in metals trading, through its wholly owned subsidiaries, The London Metal Exchange (LME) and LME Clear Limited. This commodity franchise was further enhanced with the launch of Qianhai Mercantile Exchange (QME), in China, in 2018.

HKEX launched the pioneering Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect programme in 2014, further expanded with the launch of Shenzhen Connect in 2016, and the launch of Bond Connect in 2017.

There are more than 140 ETFs and Leveraged & Inverse Products listed in Hong Kong, providing access to a range of asset classes, markets and strategies. As Asia's ETF marketplace, HKEX offers diverse, liquid and tax efficient product offerings during Asian trading hours.

www.hkex.com.hk/ETP

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