SEMINAR ON STRESS TESTING

AND

DEFAULT FUND SIZING





1

2

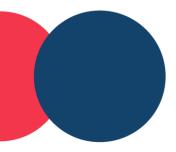
Background

Stress Testing Framework

3

Default Fund Sizing and Allocation

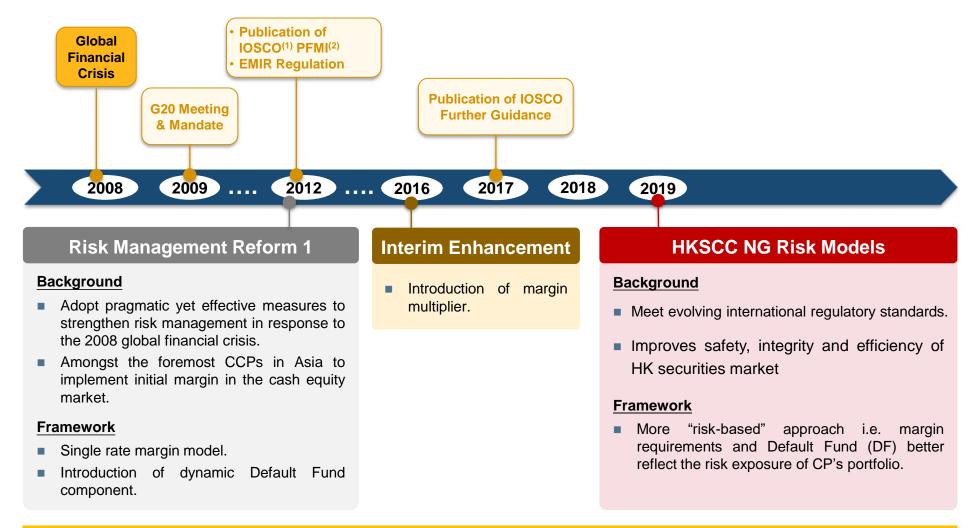




BACKGROUND



Evolution of Global Regulation and HKSCC Risk Management



A continuous effort to improve the compliance of international regulatory standards and protection in HK securities market



HKSCC NG Risk Model Framework

Key Enhancements

Current HKSCC Model

Initial Margin

- Single margin rate based on Hang Seng Index (HSI) applied to <u>all</u> securities
- > No risk offset among securities

Stress Testing

 Up and down scenario applied to <u>all</u> securities to generally cover systemic risk

Next Generation Risk Models

Initial Margin

- Margin requirement based on individual stocks volatility
- Allow risk offset among selected securities (see HKSCC NG IM model framework for details)

Stress Testing

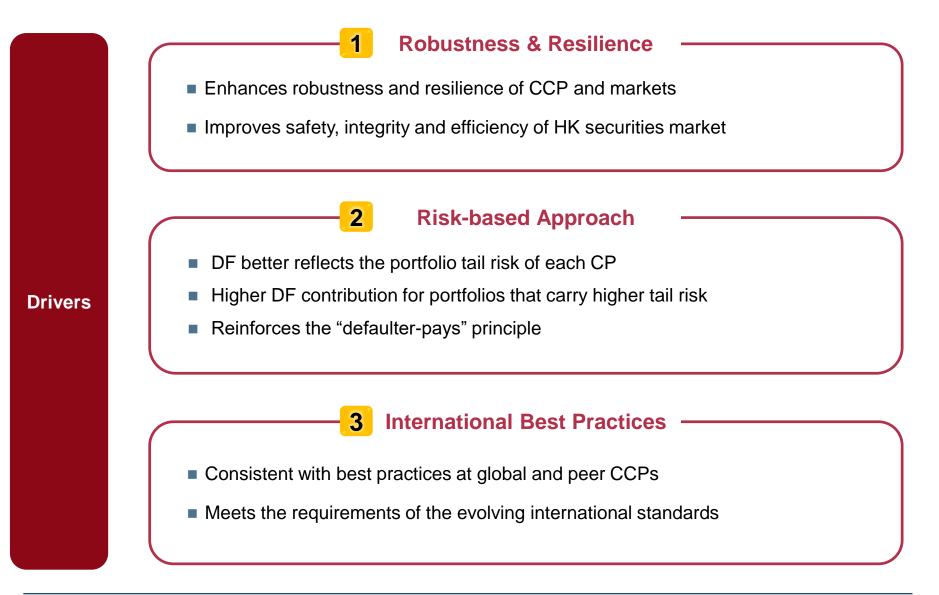
 Multiple product-specific scenarios applied to <u>each</u> security
 Focus of

Enhancements are methodology-centric

and most existing settlement and operation arrangements remain unchanged

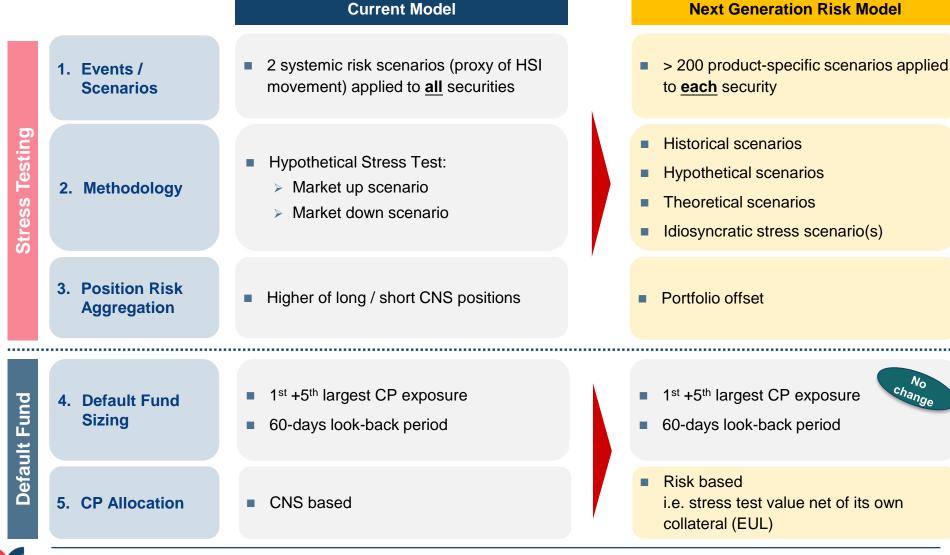
the deck

Drivers for Change



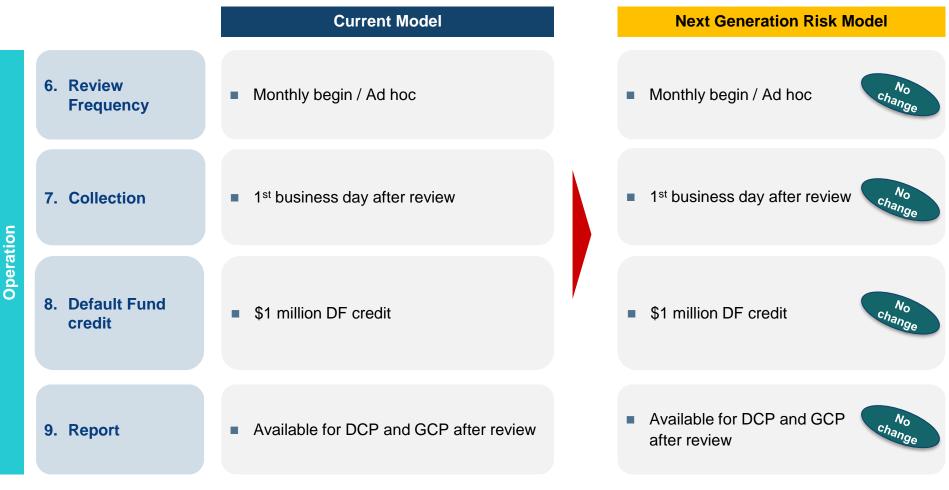
Current vs Next Generation Risk Models

Stress Testing and Default Fund

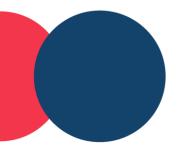


Current vs Next Generation Risk Models

Operational flow



Existing operation arrangements will remain unchanged



STRESS TESTING FRAMEWORK

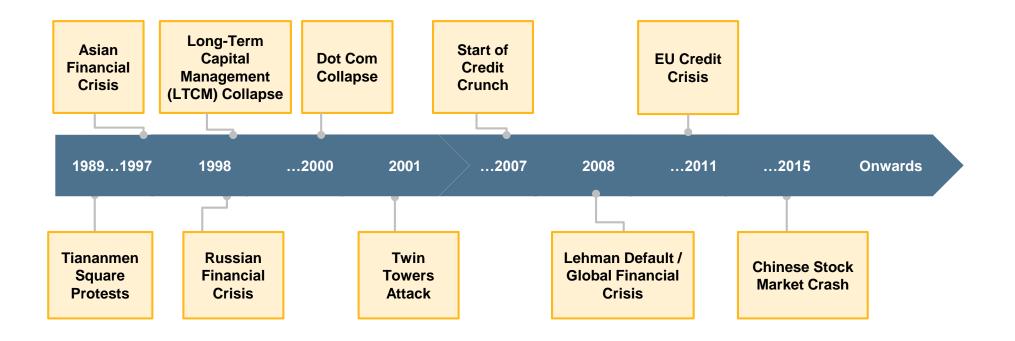


Stress Testing Scenarios

Scenario Types		Details		
1	Historical	 Historical stress events that consist of peak historical volatilities (e.g. Lehman default) 		
2	Hypothetical	Potential "extreme but plausible" Macro-economic conditions which might drive extreme price changes among sectors		
3	Theoretical	Theoretical price changes of a portfolio due to break or boost in correlation between underlying securities		
4	Idiosyncratic	 Sudden price collapse (surge) of position(s) in a portfolio 		

Historical Stress Events

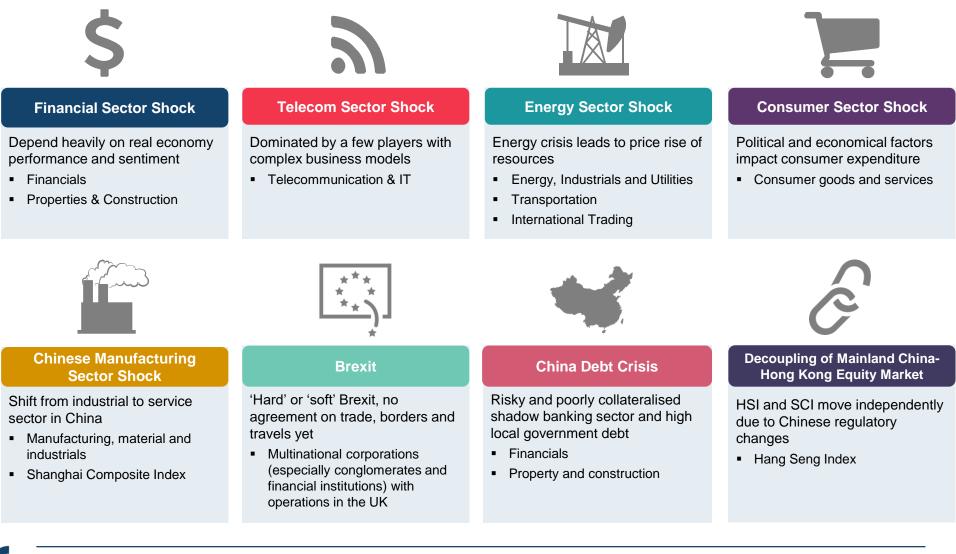
Global and **regional** events that have major impact on the Hong Kong market





Hypothetical Stress Events

Simulate extreme but plausible events



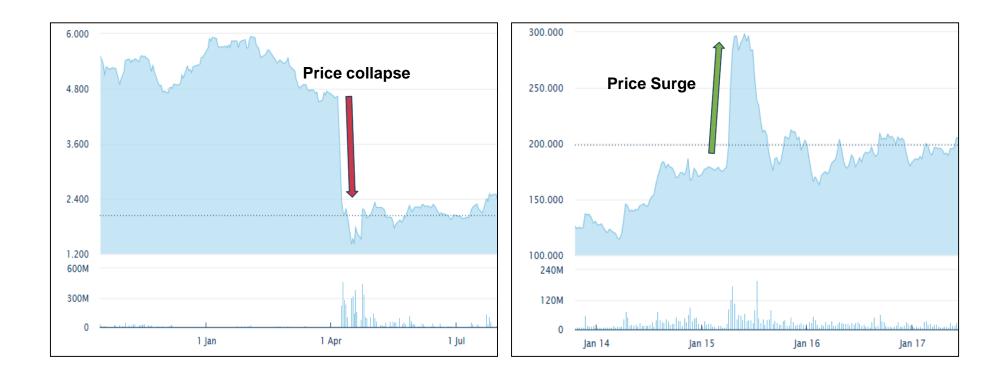
Theoretical Stress Events

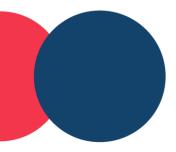




Idiosyncratic Stress Events

Potential price collapse / surge of individual position(s) in a portfolio

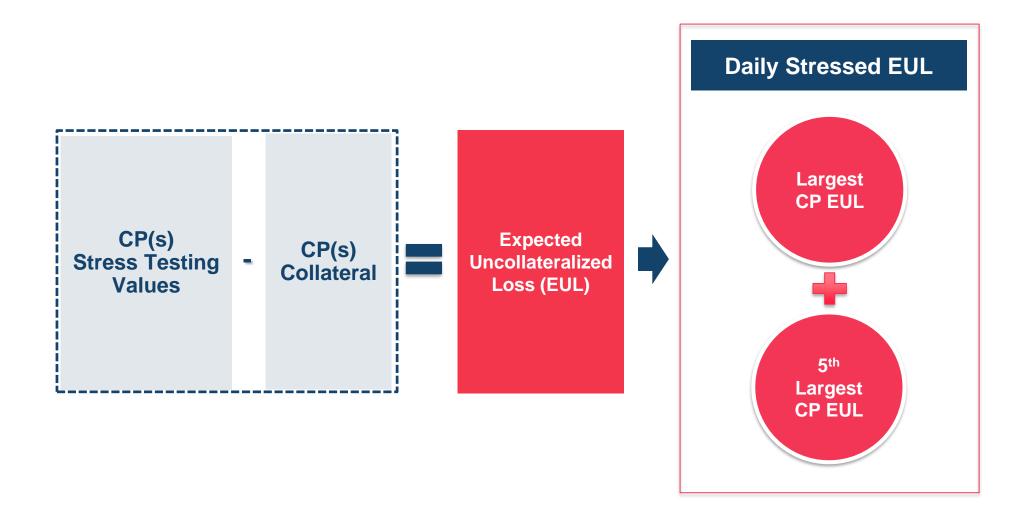




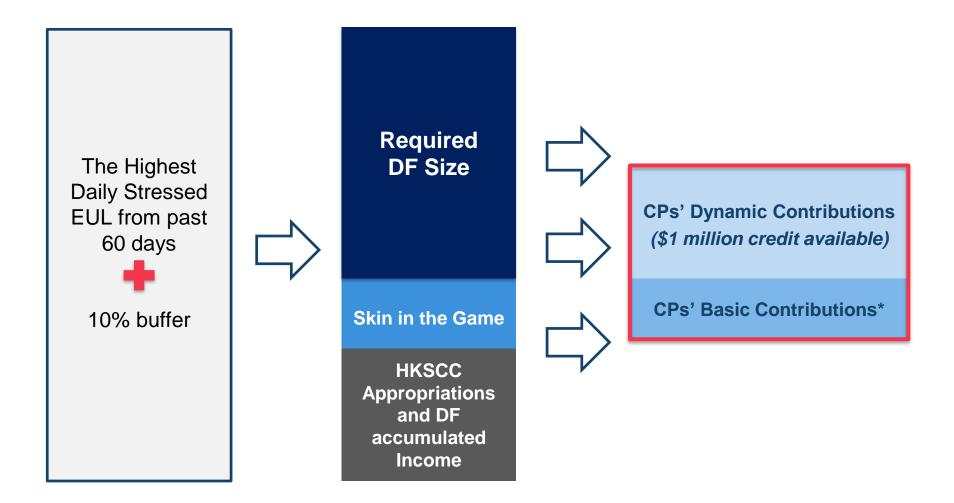
DEFAULT FUND SIZING



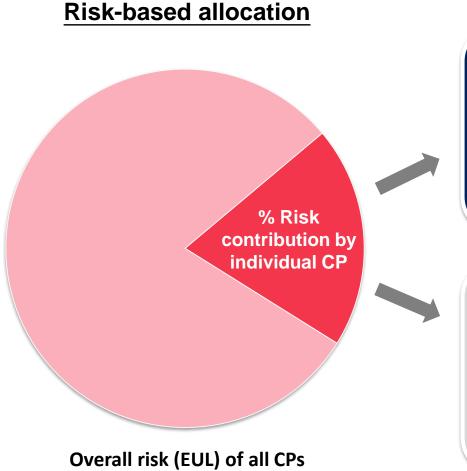
Daily Stress Testing



Default Fund size determination



Allocation of DF contributions



CP Basic Contribution* = ~HK\$100 million x % Average 60 days EUL (% Risk contribution) * Subject to minimum requirement of trading rights

CP Dynamic Contribution[#] =

Overall Dynamic Contribution x % Average 60 days EUL (% Risk contribution) # HK\$1 million credit available for each CP

Collection / Refund of DF Contributions - Schedule

Monthly Review1st business day of every month				
Ad hoc Review	When market condition	warrants		
1 st Bus	siness Day	2 nd	Business Day	
 Determination of > DF size > Each CP's DF Contributions 	Basic and Dynamic	Due Date of DF Contribution	Collection/Refund of itions	
 Circular for DF Review Notification / Reports Statement of Default Fund NCP(s) Default Fund Contribution Projection By Position 				

Contact us at <u>margin_modelling@hkex.com.hk</u> for further questions/feedback